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DIPARTIMENTO
DI INGEGNERIA
CIVILE E AMBIENTALE



Applicazioni ingegneristiche dei materiali nanocompositi

Nanotecnologie in Umbria, Perugia 25 Ottobre 2021

Prof. Luigi Torre

**Biomateriali
nanostrutturati per
packaging e biomedicale**

**Materiali a cambio di fase
nanostrutturati per solare
termico**

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**Materiali nanostrutturati per
alte temperature e per
l'aerospazio**

**Nano-materiali per il
monitoraggio delle
deformazioni e
rilevamento di danni**

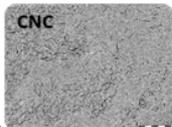
Biomateriali nanostrutturati per packaging e biomedicale

NANOCOMPOSITI BIODEGRADABILI MULTIFUNZIONALI

PACKAGING

Objectives: production of biodegradable multifunctional nanocomposites reinforced with cellulose nanocrystals extracted from different cellulosic sources and wastes combined with antimicrobial nanoparticles or essential oils in order to obtain a reinforcement effect and also an anti-bacterial response.

REVALORIZATION OF WASTE



Cellulose and lignin extraction

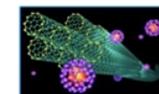
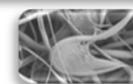
FOOD ACTIVE PACKAGING



- Biodegradable
- Polymers
- Essential Oil
- Antimicrobial
- Antioxidant

BIOMEDICAL

Objectives: production of biodegradable bi-dimensional (*films*) and tri-dimensional (*scaffolds* and *mats*) nanocomposites reinforced with specific nanoparticles (metal nanoparticles, biopolymeric nanoparticles, carbon nanotubes, hydroxyapatite, cellulose nanocrystals, etc) able to modulate differentiate or stem-cell activities for biomedical and pharmaceutical applications.



- Antibacterial
- Osteoconductive

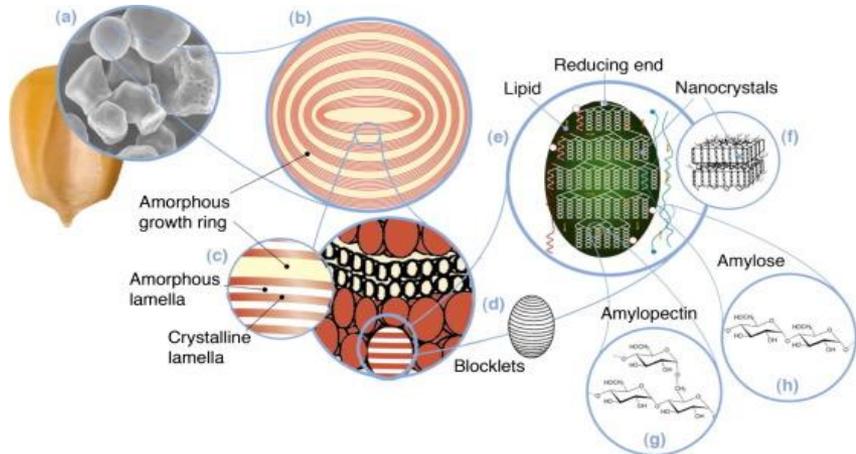
- Mechanical
- Electrical

- MULTIFUNCTIONAL POLYMERIC **BIONANOCOMPOSITES**
- MULTIFUNCTIONAL BIODEGRADABLE **BLENDS**



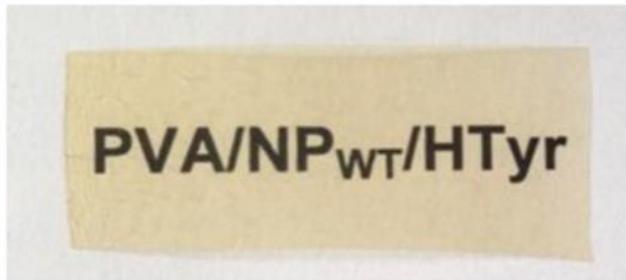
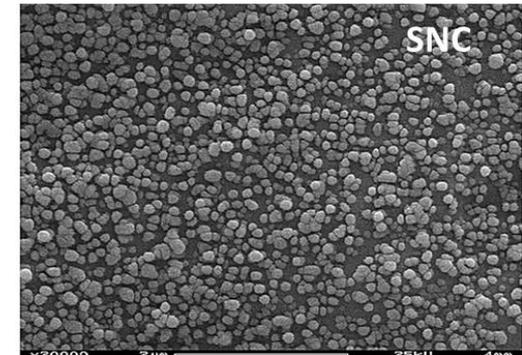
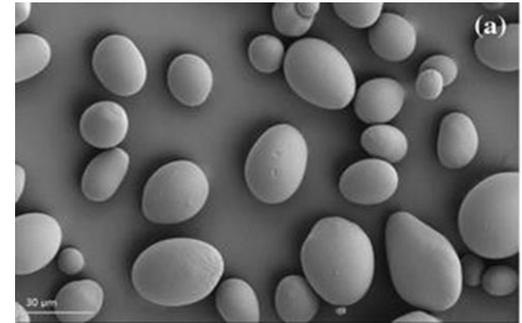
(**STARCH**, **CELLULOSE**, **LIGNIN** AND ACTIVE INGREDIENTS)

BIONANOFILLERS - AMIDO



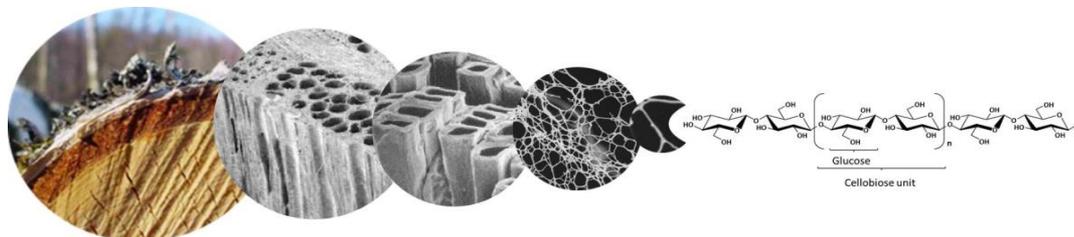
BARLEY starch (waxy - no waxy)

starch characterized by granules of smaller dimensions (WS) gave nanoparticles (WNP) with reduced mean diameter and thermal stability with respect to NPs obtained from non-waxy barley flour



- ternary films based on PVA, nanostructured starch and a strong antioxidant compound such as HTyr, represent very promising novel combinations for active food packaging applications
- nanostructured starch-based formulations were able to **tune a prolonged release of HTyr** from the films over the time.

BIONANOFILLERS - CELLULOSA



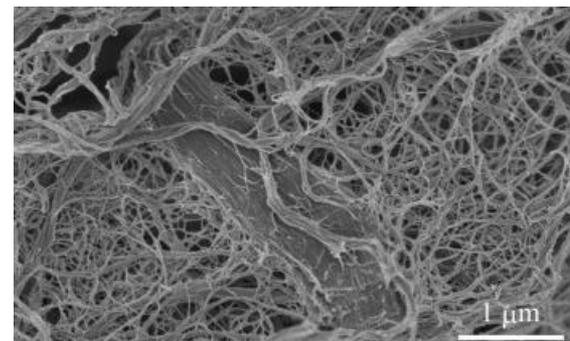
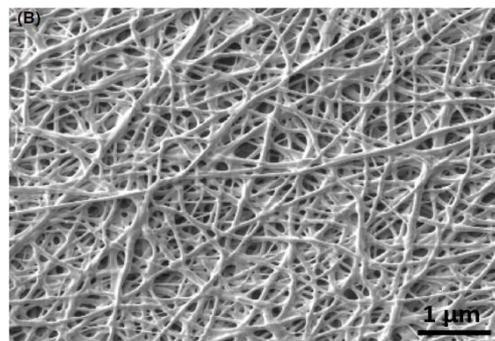
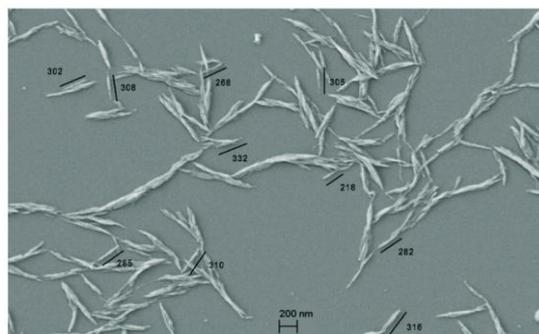
m Wood or plants
 cm Fibers in wood matrix
 mm Cellulose Fiber
 μm Micro Fibrils
 nm Nano Fibrils
 Å Molecular Structure



CNC

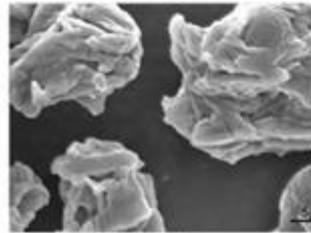
BC

MFC

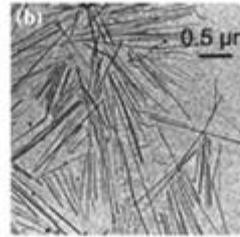


BIONANOCOMPOSITI BASE CNC - ESTRUSIONE

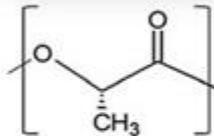
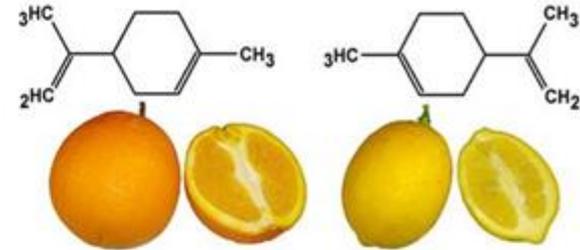
PLA + Cellulose + Active Agents



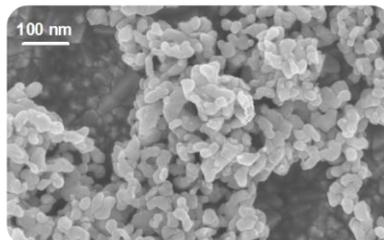
MCC



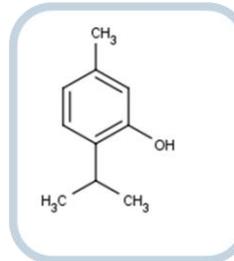
CNC



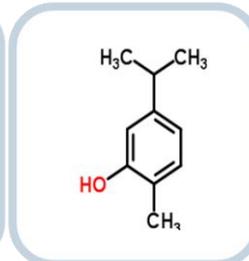
Metal nanoparticles



Natural additive



Thymol



Carvacrol

- Essential oil
- Antioxidant agents
- Antimicrobial agents
- Metal nanoparticles
- Silicates

BIONANOFILLERS - NANOLIGNINA

Kraft lignin powder



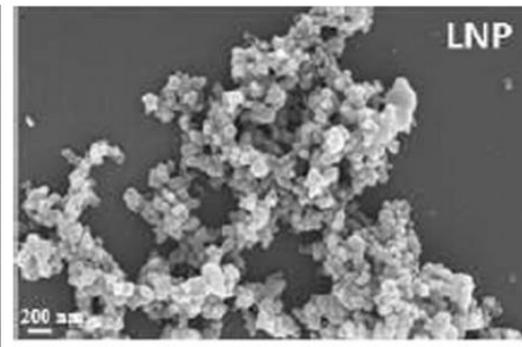
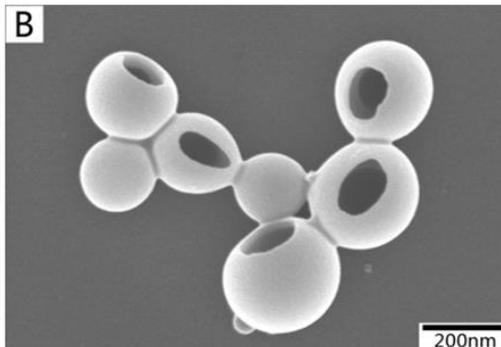
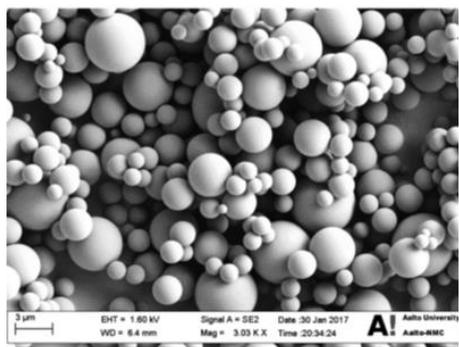
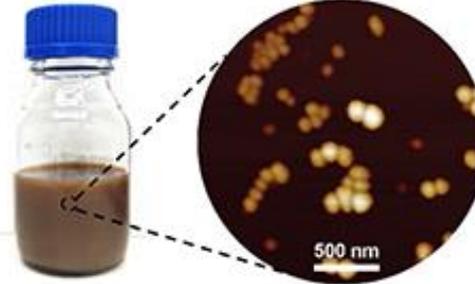
Dissolution in
acetone/water

Lignin solution

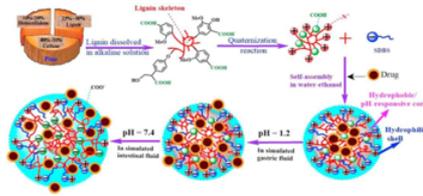
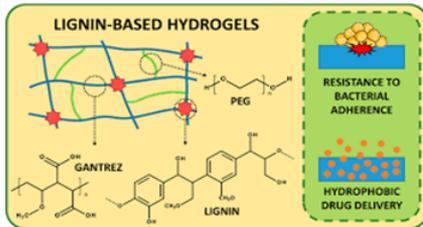
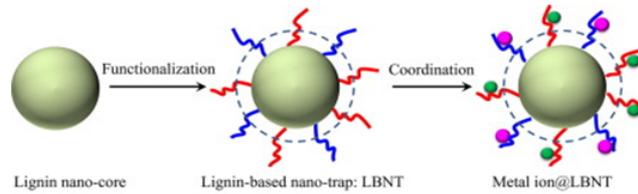


Non-solvent
nanoprecipitation

Colloidal lignin particles (CLPs)

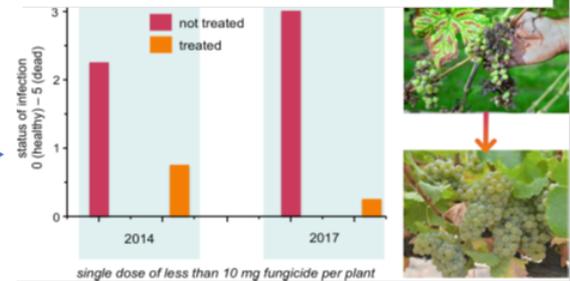
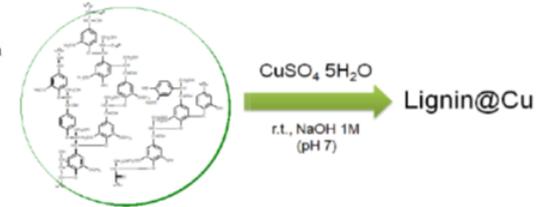
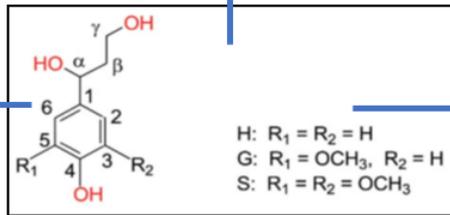


NANOLIGNINA - APPLICAZIONI

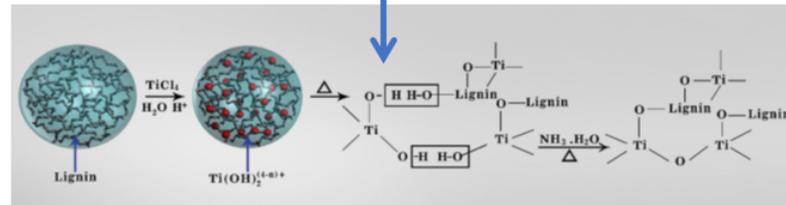


Antimicrobial/drug delivery

Environmental remediation

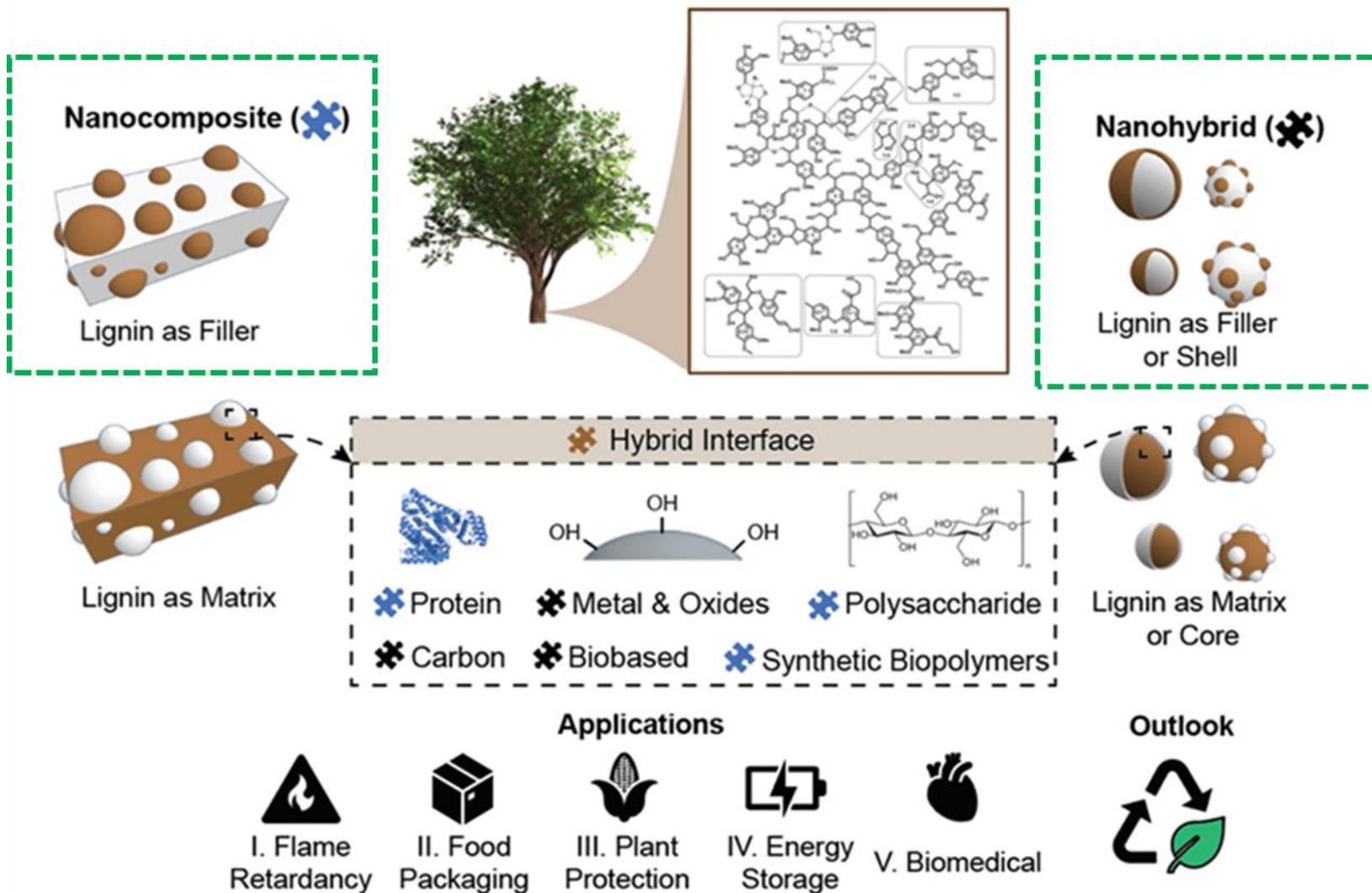


Smart Drug Delivery in Crop Protection

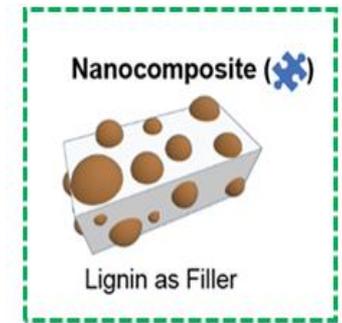
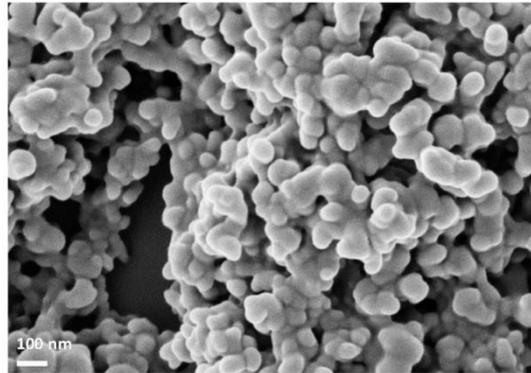


Lignin-Based Composite Materials for Photocatalysis and Photovoltaics

NANOLIGNINA – IBRIDI E NANOCOMPOSITI



NANOLIGNINA E IBRIDI NANOCOMPOSITI @ UNIPG

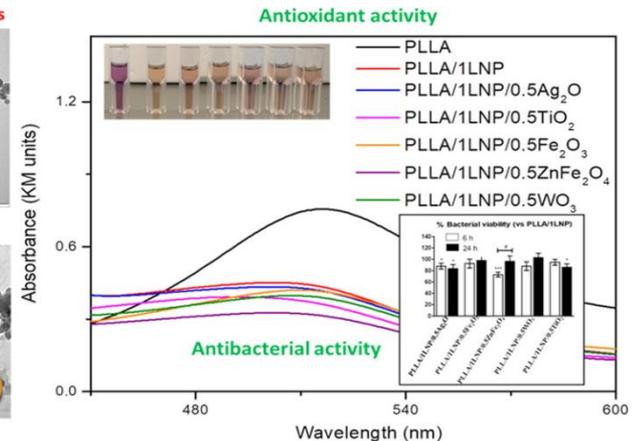
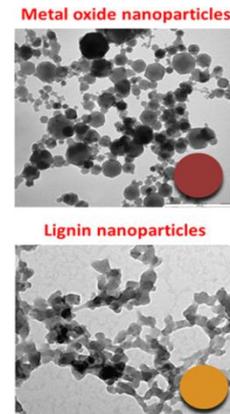
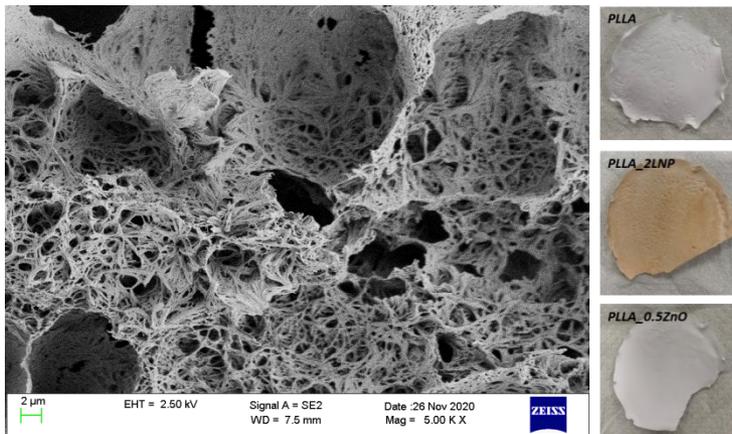


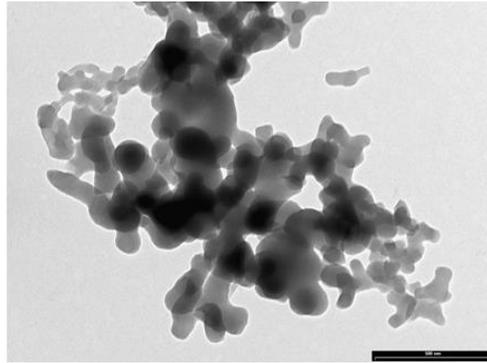
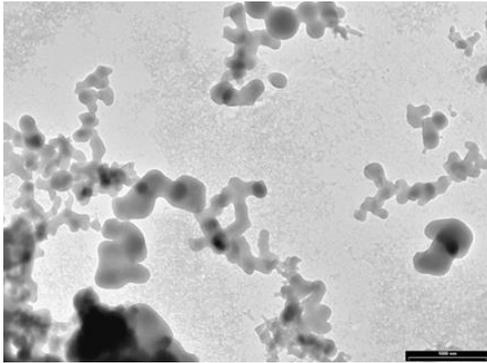
LNP, ZnO and hybrid ZnO@LNP for:

- **Food packaging** and **Biomedical applications** (scaffold)
- **Seed priming** (plant growth)

(4) LNP and metal oxides in PLLA

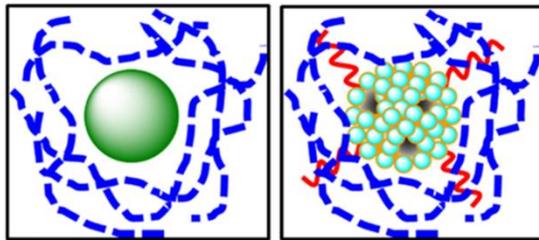
- **UV resistance**
- **Synergic fillers role (UV, antioxidant, antibacterial)**



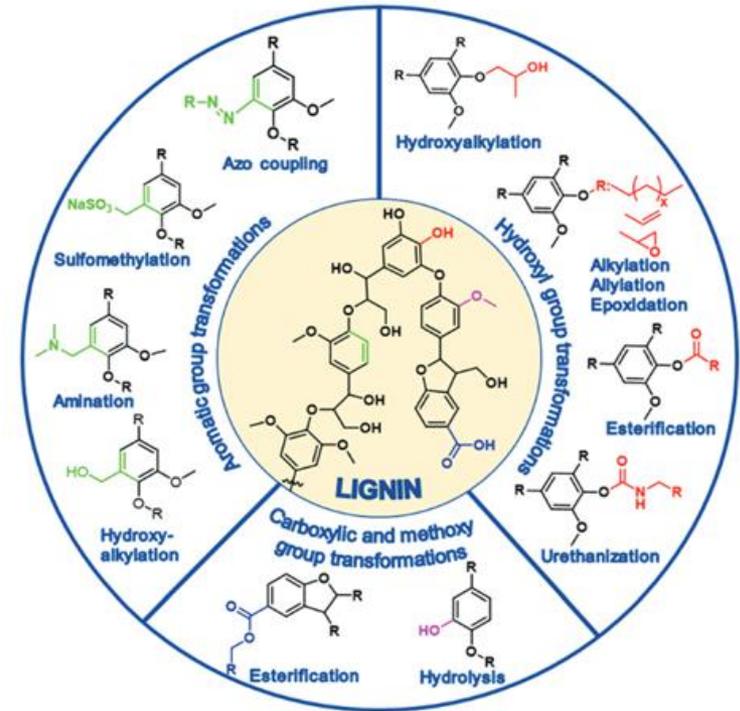
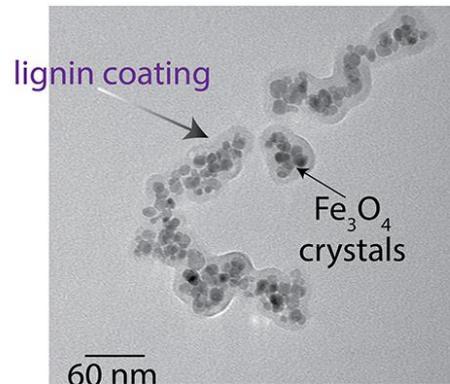


Attività in corso
Ibridi Nanolignina/MeO

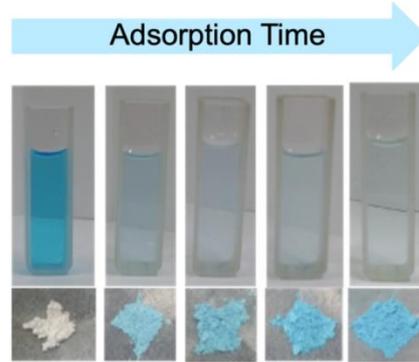
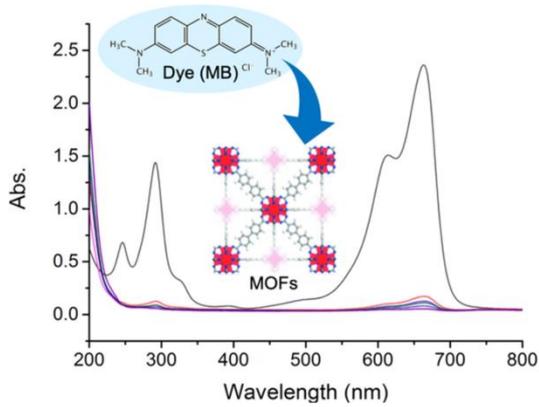
- binders for phenolic resins
- Bio-Based sorbents for metal ion recycling
- new catalytic materials



 Hydrophilic lignin/SiO₂ particles
 Hydrophobic alkyl chain
 Hydrophobic lignin/SiO₂ particles
 HDPE chain



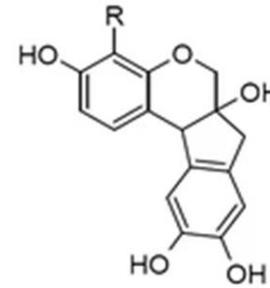
Dr. Alessandro Di Michele - UNIPG



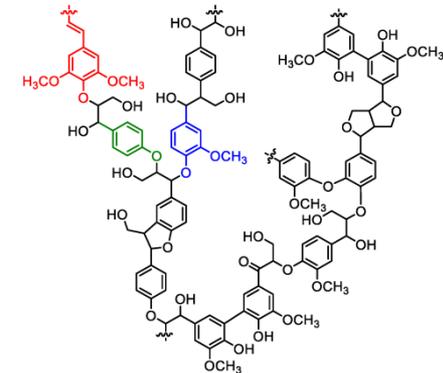
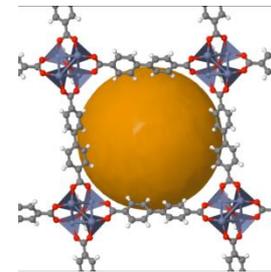
Attività in corso
Ibridi Nanolignina e colore

- Water based at T_{room} synthesis of Al MOF
- Lignin intermediate and hybrid natural dye/lignin, thermal stabilization by MOF

PCL	PCL + 0.01% wt. logwood	PCL + 0.05% wt. logwood	PCL + 0.1% wt. logwood
PBS	PBS + 0.01% wt. logwood	PBS + 0.05% wt. logwood	PBS + 0.1% wt. logwood
PLA	PLA + 0.01% wt. logwood	PLA + 0.05% wt. logwood	PLA + 0.1% wt. logwood



Logwood extract



Prof. Loredana Latterini, Dr. Catia Clementi - UNIPG

- Colouring effect at different % wt. On PCL (low melting), high T melting semicrystalline (PBS) and amorphous PLA

Materiali a cambio di fase nanostrutturati per solare termico

Nano Enhanced Phase Change Materials NEPCM

Thermal Energy Storage TES

Concentrating
Solar Plants CSP

Heat Transfer Fluid HTF



Agenzia nazionale per le nuove tecnologie,
l'energia e lo sviluppo economico sostenibile



Nanofillers selection / synthesis

Sample	Nano Filler (% wt.)	Notes
Solar Salt	-	NaNO ₃ / KNO ₃ 60/40 % wt.
SS_02Al	1% Cok 84	Cok 84 – Evonik, Nano Particles SiO ₂ /Al ₂ O ₃ , mix ratio 8:2
SS_04Al	1% SIRAL 40	Siral 40 – Sasol, Nano Particles of hydrated silicon and aluminum oxides, mix ratio 6:4
SS_06Al	1% Disperal P2	Disperal P2 – Sud Chemie, Nano sized boehmite SiO ₂ /Al ₂ O ₃ ratio 4:6
SS_08Al	0.1% A200 - 0.1% A300 - 0.8% Al2O3	Aerosil 200 - Aerosil 300 – Evonik, Nanometric hydrophilic fumed silicas with BET area 200 - 300 m ² /g respectively - UNIPG post-synthesis Al ₂ O ₃ Nano Particles – UNIPG synthesis
SS_1Al	1% Al ₂ O ₃	Al ₂ O ₃ Nano Particles synthesized by aluminum nitrate nona-hydrate in a melt of solar salts - UNIPG synthesis
SS_Cu	1% EC_Cu_OFE	Copper Nano Particles EC_Cu_OFE – Numanova - UNIPG post-synthesis
SS_Cu12Sn	1% EB_CuSn12	Bronze Nano Particles EB_CuSn12 – Italeaf- UNIPG post-synthesis
SS_CATAS	1% Ca(BDC)	MOF - Calcium Terephthalate Anhydrous Salts (CATAS) – UNIPG synthesis
SS_ALTAS	1% MIL 53 (Al)	MOF - Aluminum Benzene Di-Carboxylates Salts (ALTAS) – UNIPG synthesis
SS_05CNT	0.5% MWCNT	Graphistrength C100 – Arkema, Multi Wall Carbon Nano Tubes (MWCNT)



NEPCM morphology

Sample	FESEM 25-50 KX		Sample
Solar Salt (SS)			SS_Cu12Sn
SS_0.2Al			SS_ALTAS
SS_0.8Al			SS_05CNT
SS_Cu			

Nano Enhanced Phase Change Materials NEPCM

NEPCM Suitable both as

- LHSM Latent Heat Storage Media
- HTF Heat Transfer Fluid

Solid C_p @200 °C
Improvement

SS_CATAS **+85.6%**

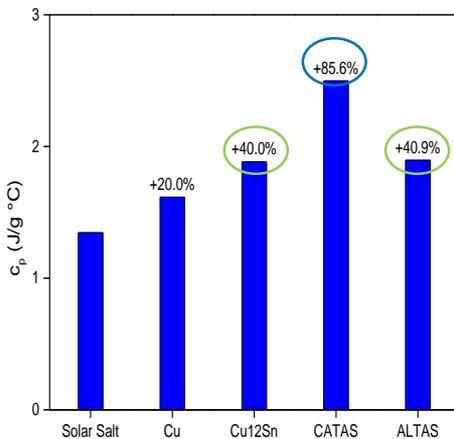
SS_ALTAS, SS_Cu12Sn, SS_04Al **> +40%**

Liquid C_p @300 °C
Improvement

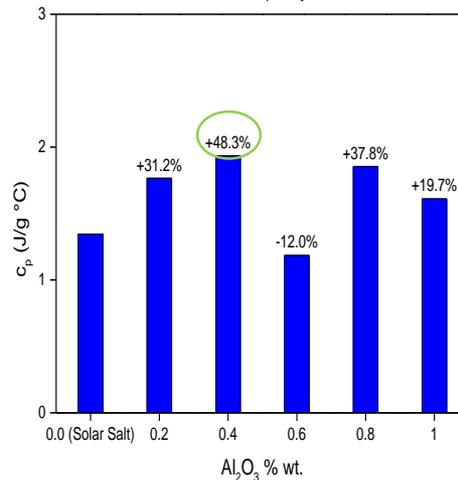
SS_CATAS **+101.3%**

SS_ALTAS, SS_Cu12Sn, SS_02Al, SS_08Al, SS_1Al, **> +40%**

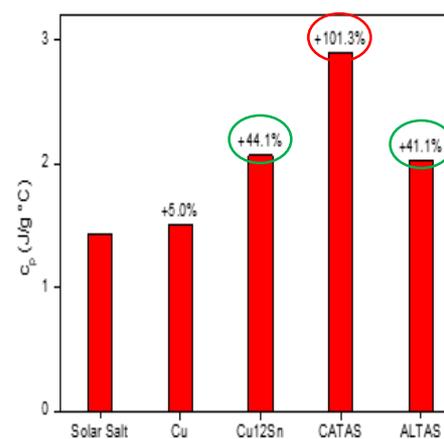
Solid Heat Capacity at 200 °C



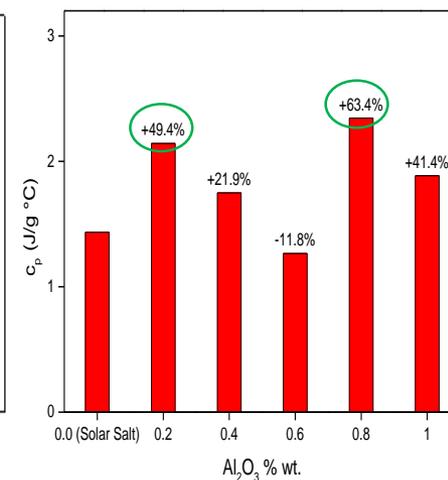
Solid Heat Capacity at 200 °C



Liquid Heat Capacity at 300 °C

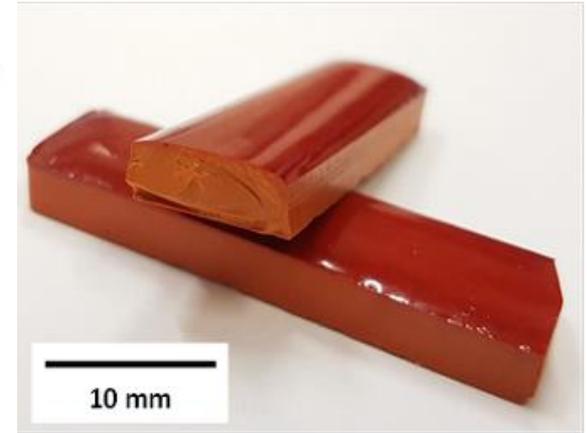
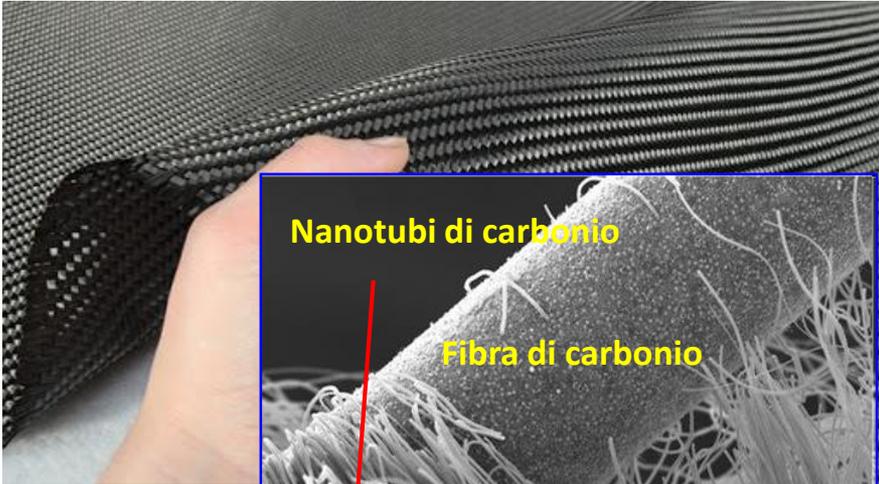


Liquid Heat Capacity at 300 °C

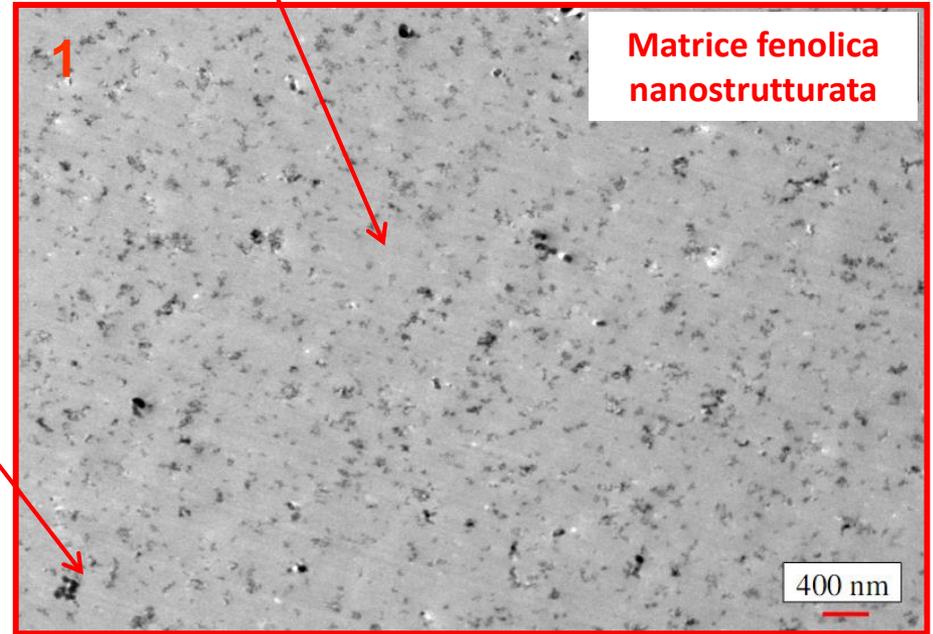
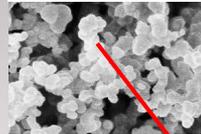


Materiali nanostrutturati per alte temperature e per l'aerospazio

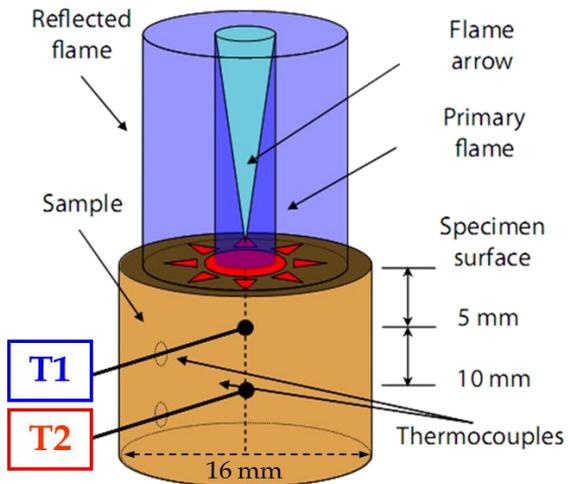
Materiali compositi carbonio/fenolica nano-strutturati



Nanosilice



Compositi nano-strutturati con nanosilice - test alla torcia



Resin	E-Glass CS	NS
40%	60%	0%

BMC1

Resin	E-Glass CS	NS
38%	60%	2%

BMC2

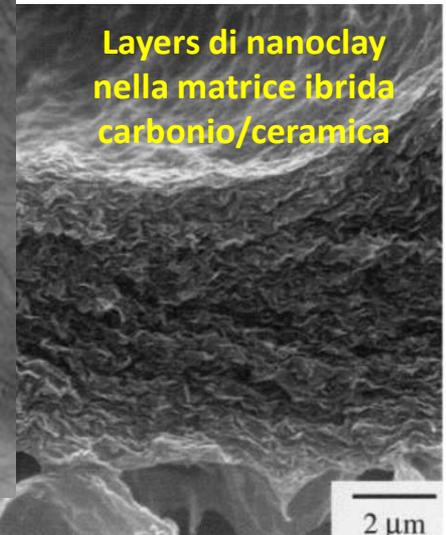
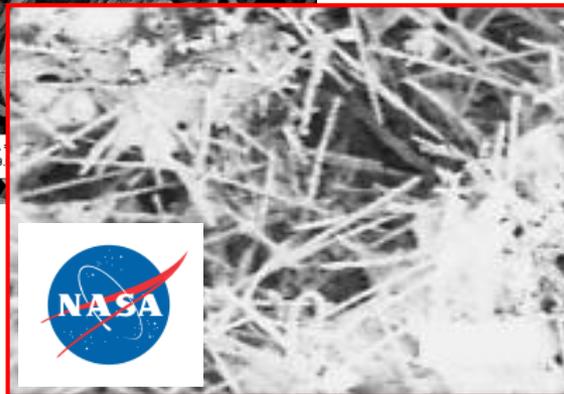
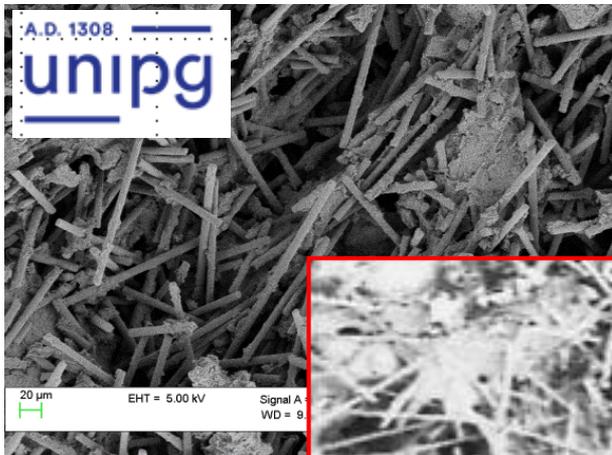
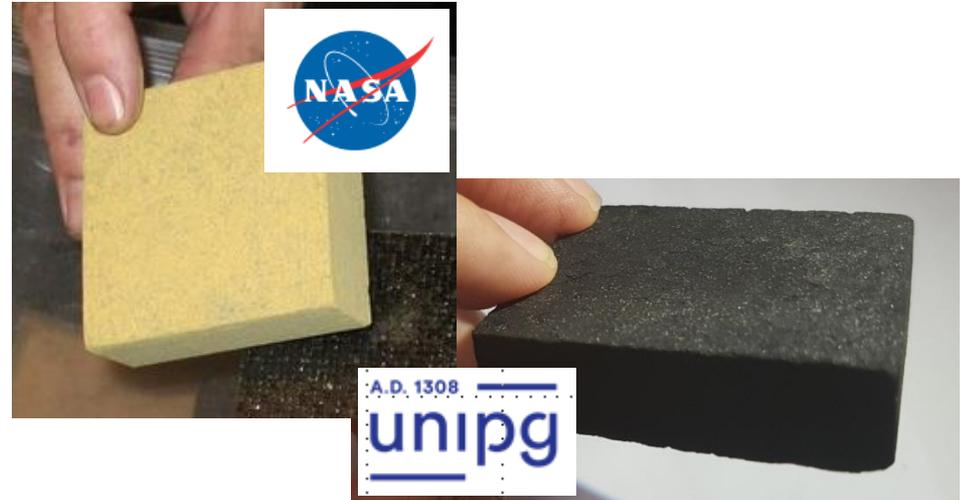
Resin	E-Glass CS	NS
32%	60%	8%

BMC3

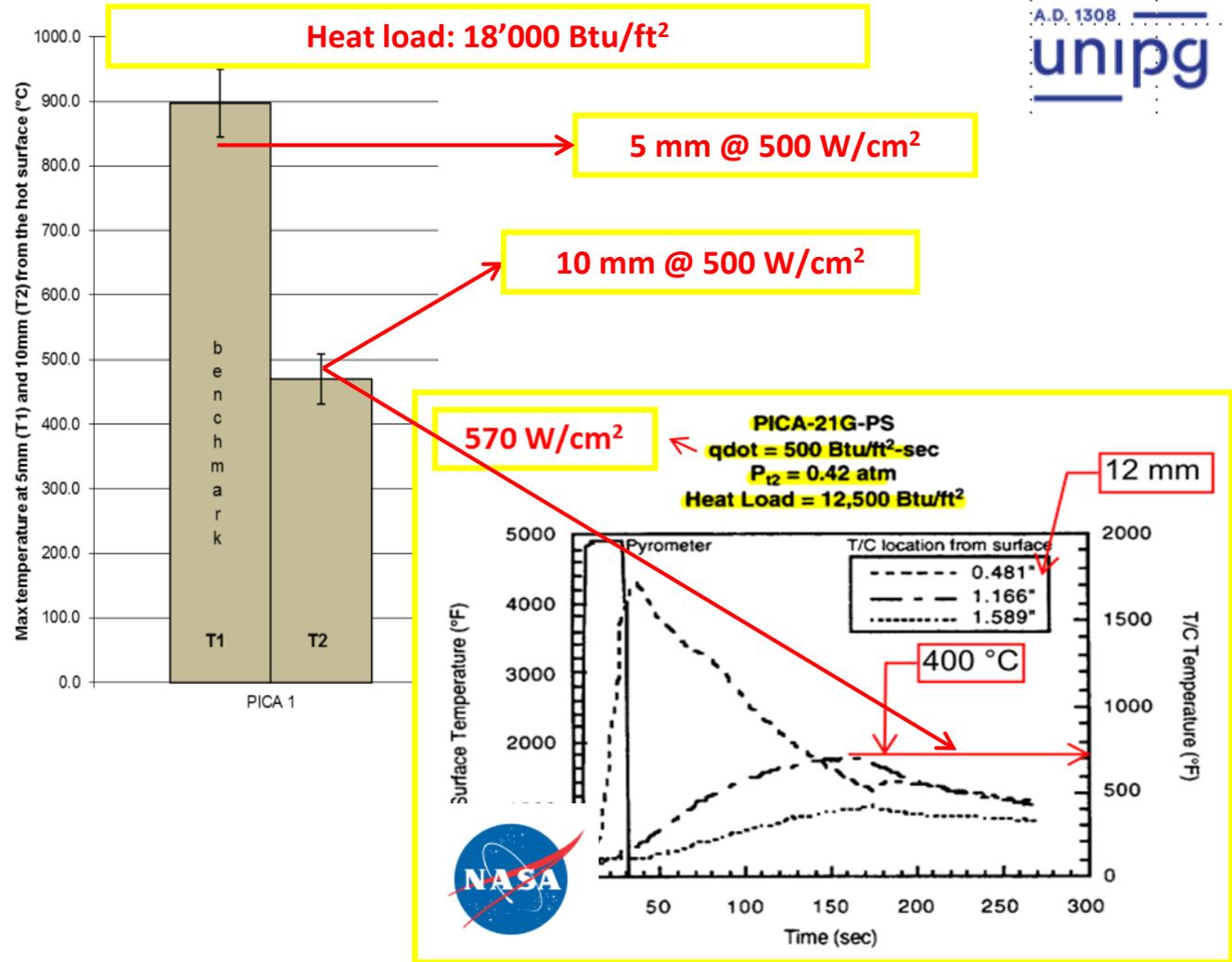
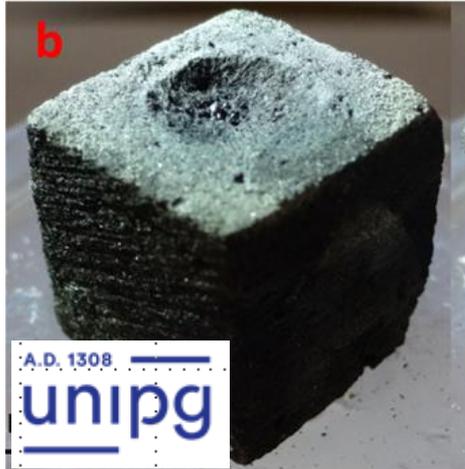
Nanosilica content [%]	T1max [°C]	T2max [°C]	W [mg]	Wn [%]
0	581.1 ± 7.9	223.1 ± 2.2	261.5 ± 7.1	100 ± 2.7
2	555.2 ± 11.6	217.4 ± 14.0	257.8 ± 8.2	98.6 ± 3.2
8	534.6 ± 8.3	208.1 ± 13.3	218.9 ± 12.5	83.7 ± 4.8

Phenolic Impregnated Carbon Ablators nano-strutturati - produzione

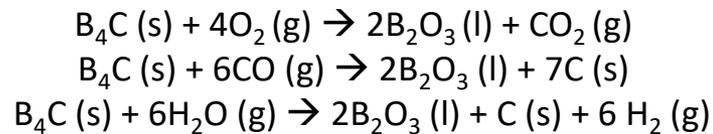
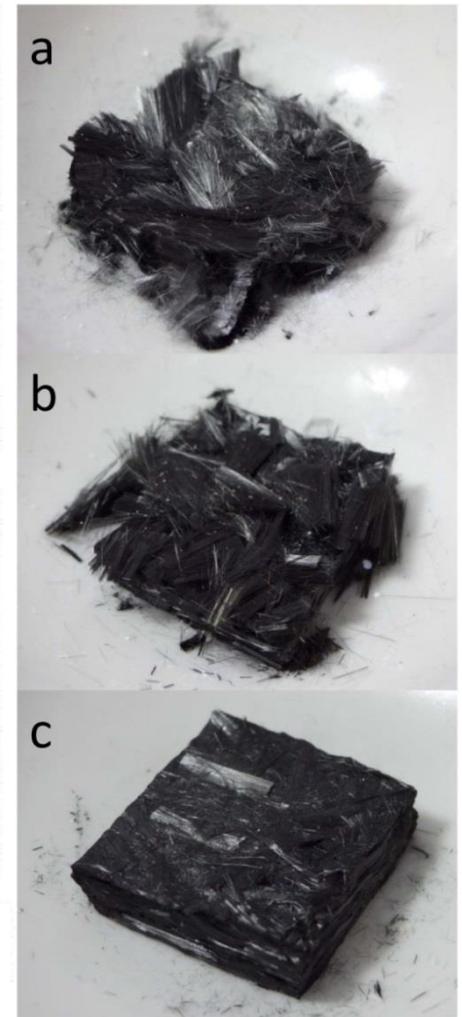
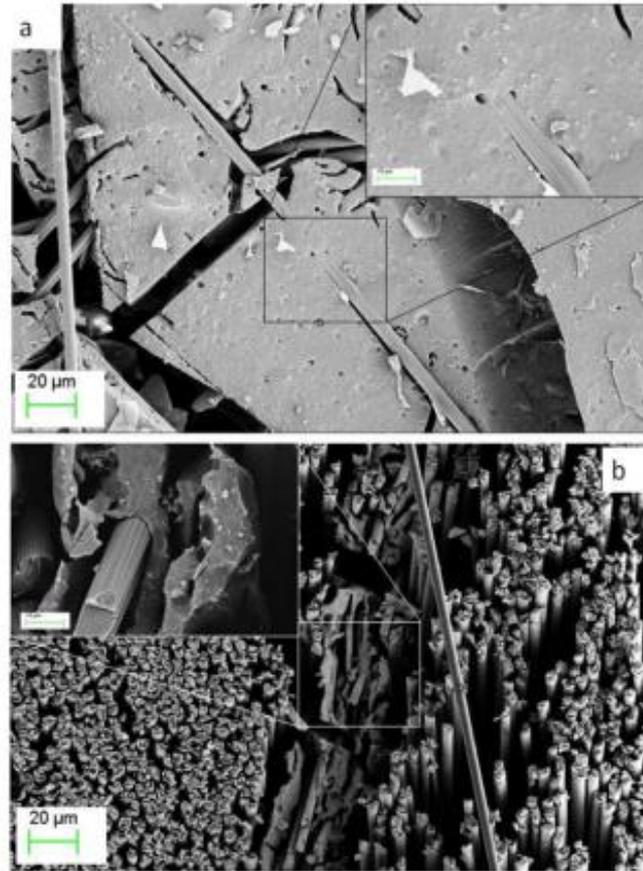
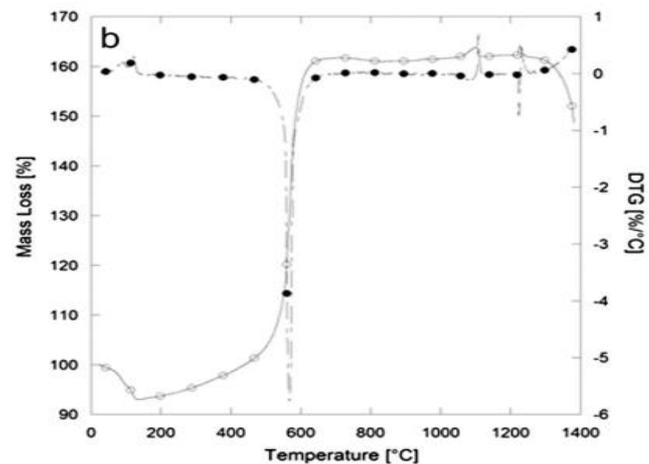
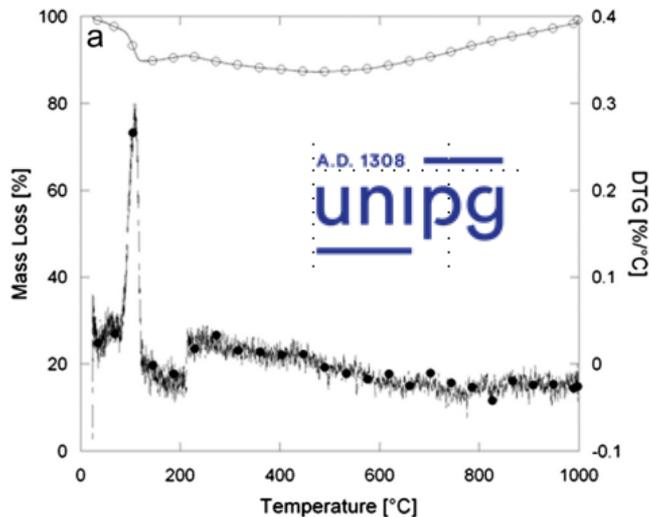
Formulation	Nanoclay/MWCNT ratio	Density (g/cm ³)
PICA 1	1/1	0.36 ± 0.01
PICA 2	2/1	0.47 ± 0.01
PICA 3	1/2	0.29 ± 0.01



Phenolic Impregnated Carbon Ablators nano-strutturati - test avanzato



Nano-carburo di boro come adesivo ad alta temperatura



Nanocompositi a base di Grafene

Grafene - Applicazioni

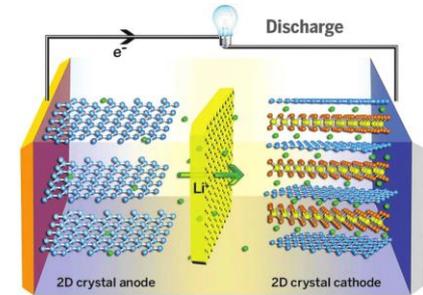
Nanocompositi Polimerici

Aumento Proprietà Meccaniche
Aumento proprietà Elettriche
Tribologiche e di barriera

Energy Storage

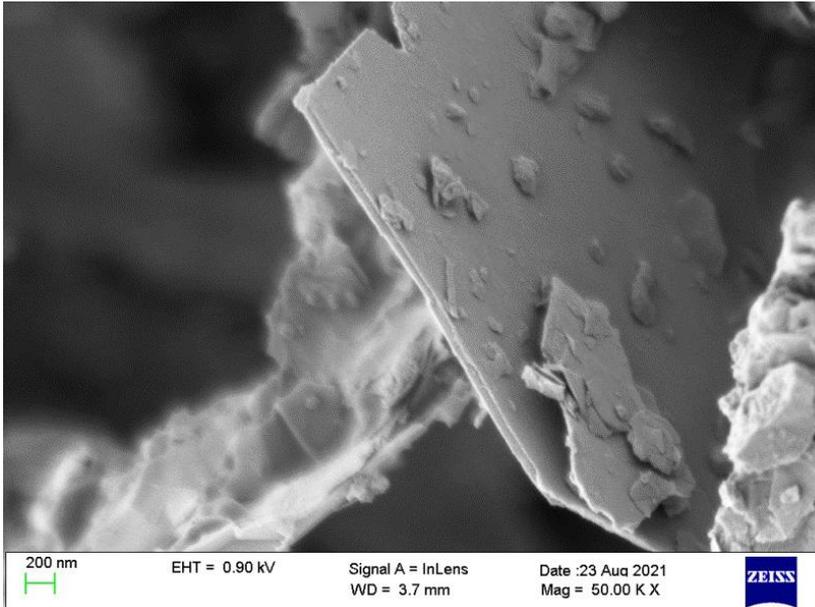
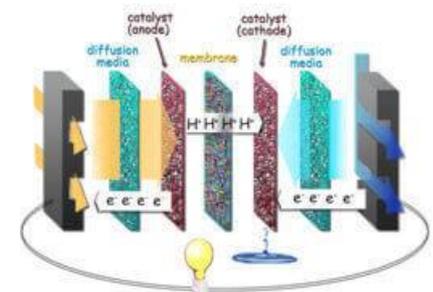
Batterie al grafene

Elevata capacità e
velocità di ricarica



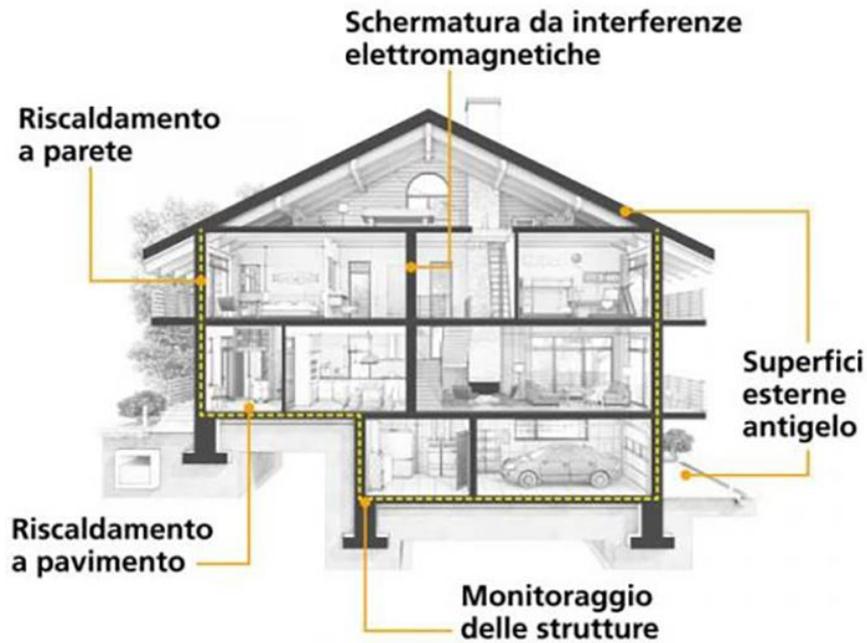
Fuel Cell al grafene

Elettrodi al grafene
anche nelle celle
a combustibile



- Proprietà elettriche e termiche
- Proprietà meccaniche
- Peso Specifico

Grafene - Applicazioni



Calcestruzzi al Grafene

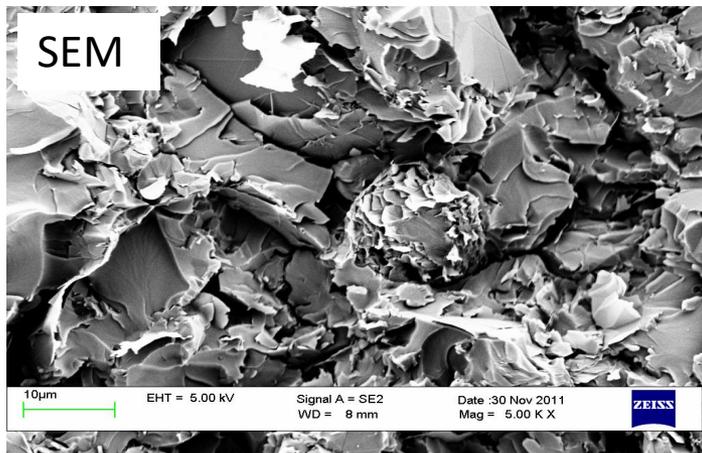
Incremento delle proprietà meccaniche (riduzione armature e quantità cemento – migliore impatto ambientale)

Conduce il calore (sistemi di riscaldamento radianti)

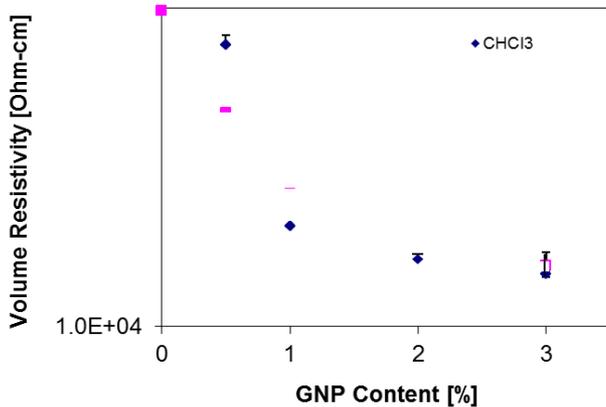
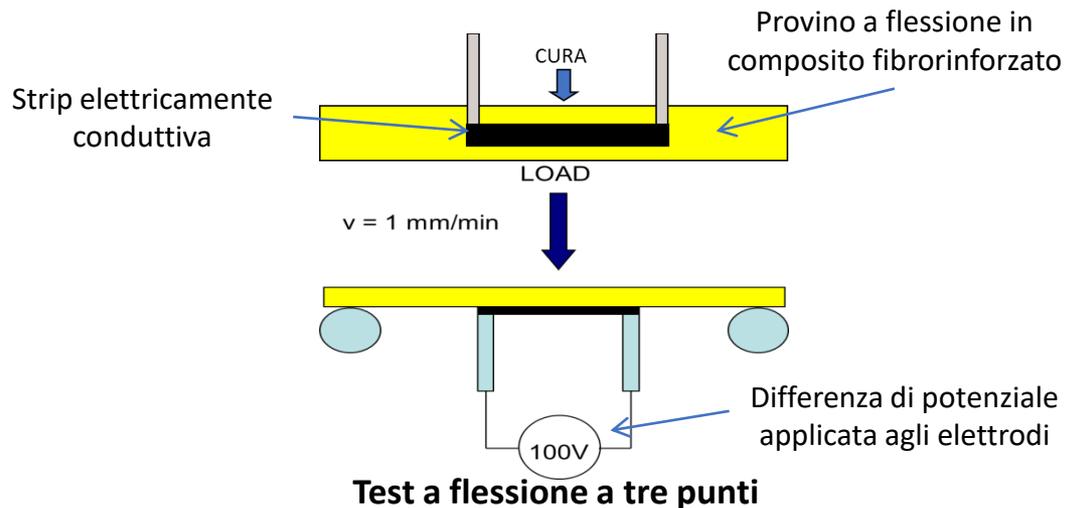
Schermatura elettromagnetica

Conduce elettricità (possibili impieghi nel monitoraggio strutture)

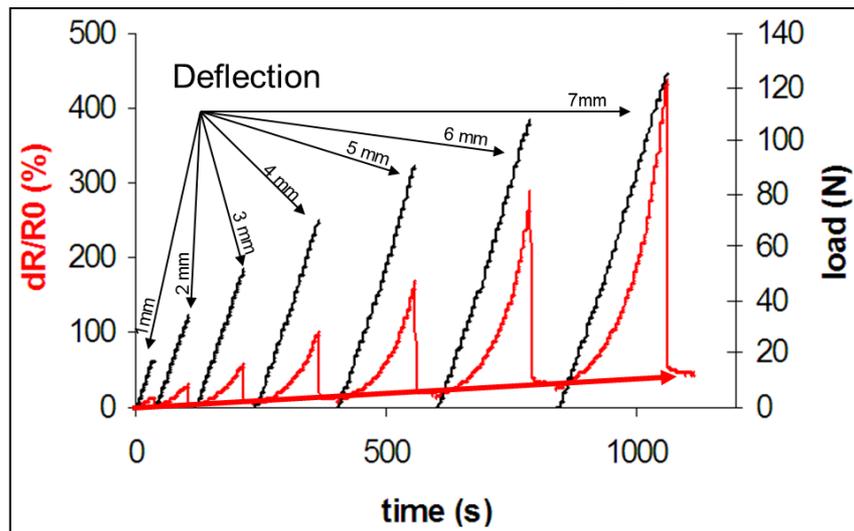
Nanocompositi grafene/epossidica per la realizzazione di sensori per il monitoraggio di deformazioni e rilevamento di danni



Grafene (Cheap Tube Inc) in Epossidica



Soglia percolativa (2 wt%)



Variazione della resistenza elettrica nel tempo a diversi livelli di deflessione